Given an integer array nums, return *an integer array* counts *where* counts[i] *is the number of smaller elements to the right of* nums[i].

**Example 1:**

Input: nums = [5,2,6,1]  
Output: [2,1,1,0]  
Explanation:  
To the right of 5 there are 2 smaller elements (2 and 1).  
To the right of 2 there is only 1 smaller element (1).  
To the right of 6 there is 1 smaller element (1).  
To the right of 1 there is 0 smaller element.

**Example 2:**

Input: nums = [-1]  
Output: [0]

**Example 3:**

Input: nums = [-1,-1]  
Output: [0,0]

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= nums.length <= 105
* -104 <= nums[i] <= 104